

**teachers guide**

**Soil life 3**

**Soil ecosystem**

# Components

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|  | NAME | DESCRIPTION | AUDIENCE |
|  | *Soil ecosystem*  teachers guide | This guide shows how to explain feeding relationships and energy flow in a soil ecosystem. | teachers |
|  | *Soil life explorer*  learning object | Students use a virtual microscope to construct food chains and food webs that involve soil organisms. | students |
|  | *What’s for dinner?*  worksheet | This worksheet accompanies the learning object, *Soil life explorer*. Students complete it to build an explanation of feeding relationships and energy flow in terrestrial and soil ecosystems. | students |
|  | *Energy flow in the soil*  video | This video examines energy transfer in ecosystems. | students |

Purpose

To enable students to develop explanations of feeding relationships between soil organisms and how energy flows through the soil ecosystem.

# Activity summary

Outcomes

Students:

* explain that organisms have different roles as producers and consumers,
* recognise that the soil ecosystem is different from above ground ecosystems,
* use feeding data to construct food chains and webs for soil fauna, and
* explain how energy flows through an ecosystem.

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| ACTIVITY | POSSIBLE STRATEGY |
| Students complete parts 1 to 3 of the worksheet, *What’s for dinner*? by using the learning object, *Soil life explorer*. Feeding relationships, food chains and food webs are examined. | individually or in pairs |
| Students watch the video, *Energy flow in the soil*, and complete part 4 of *What’s for dinner?* | individually or in pairs with teacher-led discussion |

# Technical requirements

The teachers guide and worksheet require Adobe Reader (version 5 or later), which is a free download from [www.adobe.com.](http://www.adobe.com/) The worksheet is also provided in Microsoft Word format.

The learning object requires Adobe Flash Player version 8 or later (this is a free download from [www.](http://www/) adobe.com). It can be placed on a web or file-server and run either locally or remotely in a web browser.

QuickTime version 7 or later is required to view the video. This is a free download from [www.apple.com/](http://www.apple.com/) quicktime. A high quality MP4 version is available on CD-ROM or download from the SPICE website.

 The video contains closed captions.

# Acknowledgements

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# Teachers notes

**video, *Energy flow in the soil***

Root exudates are an important energy source for many soil micro-organisms. However, for the purpose of this resource, we have ignored this energy flow pathway and concentrated on the release of energy through decomposition of organic matter.

Question 7 in the worksheet, *What’s for dinner?* is designed to stimulate discussion about impacts of humans on ecosystems. Explanations of energy flow may have students questioning the impact on the environment of a vegetarian diet versus an

omnivorous diet, ideas about animal rearing practices, inequalities in resource distribution, land productivity and agricultural techniques. If only food chains are

considered then it is apparent that the more levels there are, the less energy is available to be transferred at each. However modern agricultural practices (including the use of water, fertilisers and pesticides) and associated energy consumption must be taken into consideration before a balanced judgement can be made in each case.

**learning object, *Soil life explorer***

Additional notes on this learning object can be found in the teachers guide for *Soil life 2: Exploring soil*.

banner image: ‘Bacteria’ by Honorary Associate Professor Adrianne Kinnear, School of Natural Sciences, Edith Cowan University, used by permissionAssociated SPICE resources

*Soil life 3: Soil ecosystem* may be used in conjunction with related SPICE resources.

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| DESCRIPTION | LEARNING PURPOSE |
| *Soil life (overview)*  This learning pathway shows how a number of SPICE resources can be combined to assist with teaching the topic of ecology. |  |
| *Soil life 1: Life in the soil*  This resource engages student interest in the variety and importance of soil fauna. | **Engage** |
| *Soil life 2: Exploring soil*  Videos guide students through the process of sampling soil and extracting soil fauna, which they then identify. | **Explore** |
| *Soil life 3: Soil ecosystem*  Students use worksheets and an interactive learning object to construct food chains and food webs. An animated video explains the concept of energy flow through ecosystems. | **Explain** |
| *Soil life 4: Soil investigation*  Students investigate the importance of the sampling strategy by using an interactive learning object to see how observed sampling results vary with each organism. | **Explore/Explain** |
| *Soil life 5: Soil scientists*  Interviews with soil scientists illustrate the importance of different sampling strategies in their research. | **Elaborate** |

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